

ALIEF INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN

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EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN

BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN
CHAPTER 81, HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE
SUBCHAPTER H

MINIMUM STANDARD

This exposure control plan is adopted as the minimum standard to implement the Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan required in Health and Safety Code, §81.304.

APPLICABILITY

These minimum standards apply to a governmental unit that employs employees who: provide services in a public or private facility providing health care related services, including a home health care organization; or otherwise have a risk of exposure to blood or other material potentially containing bloodborne pathogens in connection with exposure to sharps. The Texas Department of Health may, in accordance with rules adopted by the Texas Board of Health, waive the application of Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81, Subchapter H, to a rural county if the department finds that the application of the subchapter to the county would be burdensome. A waiver granted under this §96.501 expires December 31, 2001. "Rural County" is a county that: (1) has a population of 50,000 or less; or (2) has a population of more than 50,000 but: (A) does not have located within the county a general or special hospital licensed under Health and Safety Code, Chapter 241, with more than 100 beds; and (B) was not, based on the 1990 federal census, completely included within an area designated as urbanized by the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of Commerce.

GUIDANCE

This plan is provided by the department to be analogous with Title 29 Code of Federal Regulation §1910.1030, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Bloodborne Pathogens Standard as specified in Health and Safety Code, §81.304. Employers should review the plan for particular requirements as applicable to their specific situation. Governmental units may modify the plan appropriately to their respective practice settings. Employers will need to include provisions relevant to their particular facility or organization in order to develop an effective, comprehensive exposure control plan.

REVIEW

Employers review annually the exposure control plan, update when necessary, and document when accomplished.

Facility Name: Alief Independent School District

Date of Preparation: December, 2000

In accordance with Health and Safety Code, Chapter 81, Subchapter H, and analogous to OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard, the following exposure control plan exists:

EXPOSURE DETERMINATION

The Texas Department of Health Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan requires employers to perform an exposure determination for employees who have occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The exposure determination is made without regard to the use of personal protective equipment. This exposure determination is required to list all job classifications in which employees have occupational exposure, regardless of frequency.

The following job classifications apply:

- a) Nurses
- b) Clinic Aides

The job descriptions for the above employees encompass the potential occupational exposure risks to bloodborne pathogens.

COMPLIANCE METHODS

Universal precautions are observed to prevent contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials. All blood or other potentially infectious materials are considered infectious regardless of the perceived status of the source individual. Engineering and work practice controls are used to eliminate or minimize exposure to employees.

Where occupational exposure remains after institution of these controls, personal protective equipment is used. Examples include safety design devices, sharps containers, needle less systems, sharps with engineered sharps injury protection for employees, passing instruments in a neutral zone, etc. Supervisors and workers examine and maintain engineering and work practice controls within the work center on a regular schedule.

Hand washing facilities are also available to the employees who incur exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The department's plan requires that these facilities be readily accessible after incurring exposure. If hand-washing facilities are not feasible, the employer is required to provide either an antiseptic cleanser in conjunction with a clean cloth/paper towels, antiseptic towelettes, or waterless disinfectant.

If these alternatives are used, then the hands are to be washed with soap and running water as soon as feasible. After removal of personal protective gloves, employees wash hands and any other potentially contaminated skin area immediately or as soon as feasible with soap and water. If employees incur exposure to their skin or mucous membranes, then those areas are washed with soap and water or flushed with water as appropriate as soon as feasible following contact.

NEEDLES

Contaminated needles and other contaminated sharps are not bent, recapped, removed, sheared, or purposely broken. The department's plan allows an exception to this if no alternative is feasible and the action is required by a specific medical procedure. If such action is required, then the recapping or removal of the needle must be done by the use of a device or a one-handed technique.

CONTAMINATED SHARPS DISCARDING AND CONTAINMENT

Contaminated sharps are discarded immediately or as soon as feasible in containers that are closable, puncture resistant, leak-proof on sides and bottom, and biohazard labeled or color-coded. During use, containers for contaminated sharps are easily accessible to personnel; located as close as is feasible to the immediate area where sharps are being used or can be reasonably anticipated to be found; maintained upright throughout use; are not allowed to overfill; and replaced routinely.

WORK AREA RESTRICTIONS

In work areas where there is a reasonable likelihood of exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials, employees are not to eat, drink, apply cosmetics or lip balm, smoke, or handle contact lenses.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

All personal protective equipment used is provided without cost to employees. Personal protective equipment is chosen based on the anticipated exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The protective equipment is considered appropriate only if it does not permit blood or other potentially infectious materials to pass through or reach the employee's clothing, skin, eyes, mouth, or other mucous membranes under normal conditions of use and for the duration of the time which the protective equipment is used. Examples of personal protective equipment include gloves.

Gloves are worn where it is reasonably anticipated that employees will have hand contact with blood, other potentially infectious materials, non-intact skin, and mucous membranes. Latex sensitive employees are provided with suitable alternative personal protective

equipment. Disposable gloves are not to be washed or decontaminated for re-use and are to be replaced as soon as practical when they become contaminated or as soon as feasible if they are torn, punctured, or when their ability to function as a barrier is compromised

HOUSEKEEPING

Employers shall ensure that the worksite is maintained in a clean and sanitary condition. All bins, pails, cans, and similar receptacles are inspected and decontaminated on a regularly scheduled basis.

HEPATITIS B VACCINE

All employees who have been identified as having occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials are offered the hepatitis B vaccine, at no cost to the employee, under the supervision of a licensed physician or licensed healthcare professional. The vaccine is offered after bloodborne pathogens training and within 10 working days of their initial assignment to work unless the employee has previously received the complete hepatitis B vaccination series, antibody testing has revealed that the employee is immune, or that the vaccine is contraindicated for medical reasons.

Employees receive the vaccine at the Alief ISD Administration Building or designated location when appropriate.

Employees who decline the Hepatitis B vaccine sign a declination statement (See appendix A of this exposure control plan).

Employees who initially decline the vaccine but who later elect to receive it may then have the vaccine provided at no cost.

POST EXPOSURE EVALUATION AND FOLLOW UP

When the employee incurs an exposure incident, the employee must report to campus nurse or Risk Management Department. All employees who incur an exposure incident are offered a confidential medical evaluation and follow up as follows:

* Documentation of the route(s) of exposure and the circumstances related to the incident.

* Identification and documentation of the source individual, unless the employer can establish that identification is infeasible or prohibited by state or local law. After obtaining consent, unless law allows testing without consent, the blood of the source individual should be tested for HIV/HBV infectivity, unless the employer can establish that testing of the source is infeasible or prohibited by state or local law.

* The results of testing of the source individual are made available to the exposed employee with the employee informed about the applicable laws and regulations concerning disclosure of the identity and infectivity of the source individual.

* The employee is offered the option of having his/her blood collected for testing of the employee's HIV/HBV serological status. The blood sample is preserved for at least 90 days to allow the employee to decide if the blood should be tested for HIV serological status. If the employee decides prior to that time that the testing will be conducted, then testing is done as soon as feasible.

* The employee is offered post exposure prophylaxis in accordance with the current recommendations of the U.S. Public Health Service.

* The employee is given appropriate counseling concerning infection status, results and interpretations of tests, and precautions to take during the period after the exposure incident.

* The employee is informed about what potential illnesses can develop and to seek early medical evaluation and subsequent treatment.

*The Director of Risk Management is designated to assure that the policy outlined here is effectively carried out and maintains records related to this policy.

INTERACTION WITH HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS

A written opinion is obtained from the healthcare professional who evaluates employees of this facility or organization after an exposure incident. In order for the healthcare professional to adequately evaluate the employee, the healthcare professional is provided with:

- 1) A copy of the Alief ISD exposure control plan;
- 2) A description of the exposed employee's duties as they relate to the exposure incident;
- 3) Documentation of the route(s) of exposure and circumstances under which the exposure occurred;
- 4) Results of the source individual's blood tests (if available); and,
- 5) Medical records relevant to the appropriate treatment of the employee.

Written opinions are obtained from the healthcare professional in the following instances:

- 1) When the employee is sent to obtain the Hepatitis B vaccine, or
- 2) Whenever the employee is sent to a healthcare professional following an exposure incident.

Healthcare professionals are instructed to limit their written opinions to:

- 1) Whether the Hepatitis B vaccine is indicated;
- 2) Whether the employee has received the vaccine;
- 3) The evaluation following an exposure incident;
- 4) Whether the employee has been informed of the results of the evaluation;
- 5) Whether the employee has been told about any medical conditions resulting from exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials which require further evaluation or treatment (all other findings or diagnosis shall remain confidential and shall not be included in the written report); and,
- 6) Whether the healthcare professional's written opinion is provided to the employee within 15 days of completion of the evaluation.

TRAINING

Training for all employees is conducted prior to initial assignment to tasks where occupational exposure may occur. All employees also receive annual refresher training. This training is to be conducted within one year of the employee's previous training. Training for employees is conducted by a person knowledgeable in the subject matter and includes an explanation of the following:

- 1) Chapter 96. Bloodborne Pathogen Control
- 2) OSHA Bloodborne Pathogen Final Rule;
- 3) Epidemiology and symptomatology of bloodborne diseases;
- 4) Modes of transmission of bloodborne pathogens;
- 5) Alief ISD's exposure control plan
- 6) Procedures which might cause exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials at this facility;
- 7) Control methods which are used at the facility to control exposure to blood or other
- 1) potentially infectious materials;
- 8) Personal protective equipment available at this facility
- 9) Hepatitis B vaccine program at the facility;
- 10) Procedures to follow in an emergency involving blood or other potentially infectious
- 2) materials;

- 11) Procedures to follow if an exposure incident occurs, to include U.S. Public Health
- 3) Service Post Exposure Prophylaxis Guidelines;
- 12) Post exposure evaluation and follow up;
- 13) Opportunity to ask questions with the individual conducting the training.

RECORDKEEPING

According to OSHA’s Bloodborne Pathogens Standard, medical records are maintained by: Third Party Administrator for Workers Compensation Program.

According to OSHA’s Bloodborne Pathogens Standard, training records are maintained by: Risk Management Department.

ANNUAL REVIEW

Signature _____ Date _____
 Signature _____ Date _____
 Signature _____ Date _____
 Signature _____ Date _____
 Signature _____ Date _____
 Signature _____ Date _____
 Signature _____ Date _____
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 Signature _____ Date _____

HEPATITIS B VACCINE DECLINATION STATEMENT

I understand that due to my occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials I may be at risk of acquiring hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection. I have been given the opportunity to be vaccinated with hepatitis B vaccine, at no charge to myself. However, I decline hepatitis B vaccination at this time. I understand that by declining this vaccine, I continue to be at risk of acquiring hepatitis B, a serious disease. If, in the future, I continue to have occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials and I want to be vaccinated with hepatitis B vaccine, I can receive the vaccination series at no charge to myself.

Signature _____ Date _____.

ASSESSMENT TOOL

1. The exposure control plan is located in each work center
2. Employees at occupational risk for bloodborne pathogens exposure are identified
3. Employees comply with universal precautions when performing duties
4. Employees appropriately use engineering controls in the work center
5. Employees employ safe work practices in performance of duties
6. Hand washing facilities are readily accessible in the work centers
7. Employees regularly wash their hands, especially after glove removal
8. Employees deposit contaminated sharps in biohazard containers immediately after use
9. Employees change filled biohazard containers when full
10. Employees do not eat, drink, apply cosmetics or lip balm, smoke, or handle contact lenses in the work area
11. Food and beverages are not kept in close proximity to blood or bodily fluids
12. Employees do not mouth pipette/suction blood or bodily fluids
13. Employees place specimens in leak resistant containers after collection
14. Employees place specimens in biohazard leak proof containers for shipment
15. Employees properly decontaminate equipment before servicing or shipping for repairs or place a biohazard label to inform others the equipment remains contaminated
16. Employees wear the designated fluid resistant personal protective equipment/attire appropriate for the task at hand
17. Employees place the contaminated personal protective equipment in the appropriate receptacles
18. Employees maintain a clean environment at all times
19. Employees use an EPA approved germicide properly to decontaminate and clean the facility and equipment
20. Employees know the safe procedure for contaminated, broken glass clean up.
21. Employees demonstrate knowledge of the agency's policies regarding disposal and transport of regulated waste by placing regular waste, special waste, and/or biohazard waste in appropriate containers and transporting the waste according to policy
22. Employees place wet laundry in leak resistant bags or containers and transport used laundry in biohazard leak proof containers
23. Each employee knows his documented hepatitis B vaccine status
24. Employees know where and to whom to report exposure incidents
25. An employee occupational exposure protocol is practiced in accordance with U.S. Public Health Service
26. Employees are oriented and receive annual training to the exposure control plan

27. Recording and reporting occupational exposures are conducted in accordance with OSHA's Bloodborne Pathogens Standard
28. Medical and training records are maintained in accordance with OSHA's Bloodborne Pathogens Standard